

Canadian Concrete Masonry ture, as well as the warmth and use of the lower area of your born to the control of Region 6 of the National Concrete Masonry Association

warmth and use of the lower area of your home.

In the most recent research manual on defect prevention for new houses, the CMHC and Tarion Warranty Corporation (the new name for the Ontario New Home Warranty Program), identified the foundation wall as the most costly defect to repair. Over 90% of the complaints for foundation walls were related to cracks and

are installed by trained professionals, resulting in truly straight walls and surfaces that are both smooth and regular... presenting a level bed on which to support the frame, brick, stone or other veneers which form the exterior cladding.

We are pleased to supply this information document so you can discover the benefits of a precision basement constructed of concrete masonry units... "buried treasure".

## What you need to know about concrete block basement construction.

#### 1. Construction Time

Concrete masonry block offers a time efficient way to construct a precision basement. Most block foundations can be completed and backfilled in just a couple of days. By contrast, a poured foundation should not be backfilled for several days to avoid cracking. Time is Money.

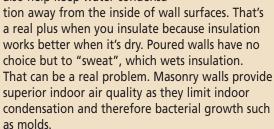
#### 2. Cost

Our findings show that masonry block basements can be built as economically, and in some cases for even less than poured basements. Savings may vary, but one fact remains; money NOT spent on your basement can be used to upgrade carpet, cabinets or even build a fireplace.

#### 3. Energy Efficiency

A typical masonry block foundation has more than twice the R-value of a poured foundation, saving you even more money when it's time to insulate.

The top of a precision built block wall is also much straighter and more level than a poured wall, so air leaks are almost eliminated. The hollow spaces in a block wall also help keep water condensa-



#### 4. Higher Strength

The field practices of some "poured wall contractors" may involve adding water to the mix to ensure a free flow of concrete to all areas of the form. This often results in changes to the

curing cycle resulting in cracks and a loss of strength. A standard concrete block wall has guaranteed built-in strength, block after block and the block used in large commercial buildings are the same type used in your foundation wall. There is no down-grading of product used to build your block basement.

#### 5. Construction Flexibility

Concrete masonry is a versatile construction system. Modular by design, concrete masonry basement walls can economically accommodate irregular floor plans, windows, doors, skylight alcoves and

can support fireplaces on both above and below grade levels. Adjustments in the field, or to the final design, can be readily accommodated.

#### 6. Dampproofing

A leaky basement is usually caused by a poorly drained site or faulty drain tile installation. A block foundation is dampproofed by applying a cement based parging and/or dampproof membrane. Poured walls



are usually sprayed with a thin asphalt paint.

#### 7. Repairability

In the unlikely event a masonry block wall cracks, repairs are readily made using regular mortar. When a poured wall cracks, not only does it lose strength, but it also requires a complex set of steps to be followed for successful repair.

#### 8. All Weather Construction

Masonry can be constructed in a wide range of

weather conditions provided that certain construction methods and protective procedures are followed. Block basements are dramatically less susceptible to the effects of freezing than poured



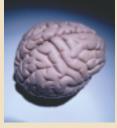
walls. Remember, the entire poured wall must cure in the field. Only the mortar in between the dry blocks must field cure.

#### 9. Ease of Remodeling

By using pre-coloured, pre-finished block, the need for studding and drywall can be eliminated. Even a plain grey block wall looks great with just a coat of paint. Typically, poured walls need studs and drywall to look as good as concrete block. Pre-finished, painted or studded and drywalled block walls are easier to construct and less expensive than poured basements. That's something to consider when you're thinking about adding more living space.

#### 10. Rational Choices

Now that you know the facts, the choice is clear. Concrete block is the only building material an informed person can use to build their basement. Concrete masonry is truly the only logical choice in building materials on the market today.



# Design and Construction of a Quality Concrete Block Basement



"As a builder of quality custom homes, I strongly recommend foundations constructed of concrete block. I know I can count on having straight walls, the ability to make last minute changes and the fact that the walls are cured when constructed. The price is comparable and the installation time is reasonable. I have complete confidence in concrete block basements."

Rob Hurlburt, President Robert Hurlburt Homes Ltd. Richmond Hill, Ontario Selection of a quality builder is one of the first important steps in planning the construction of a quality basement. Experienced contractors know how to avoid the possibility of defects, such as leaks, problems caused by moisture in materials, air leakage, thermal bridging, mechanical damage and other construction related problems. Quality builders understand the root causes and effects of these problems and they are best equipped to find solutions. Damp or leaking basements are the number one challenge faced by some homebuilders. Simple, but important solutions to moisture handling are as follows:

#### 1. Direct water away from the foundation:

- Slope the grade away from the foundation with a grade of at least 50 mm in 1 metre (6 inches in 10 feet).
- Place a layer of clay over free-draining backfill material; this will help to deflect surface water while the backfill below will redirect the remaining ground water to the weeping tiles.
- Avoid directing downspouts into a perimeter drain; direct them at least 900 mm (3 feet) away from the building.
- Avoid landscaping treatments requiring excessive watering in the vicinity of the basement wall.

#### 2. Ensure adequate subgrade drainage:

- Wrap geotextile filter fabric around either the drain pipe or gravel and cover with gravel to help keep fine soil and silt from clogging the drainage system.
- Ensure adequate slope of the drainage bed to the outflow point.
- As an alternative, make the wall dampproof; remember this requires perfect coverage and a wall designed to withstand hydrostatic pressures; this is usually not the case with residential construction.

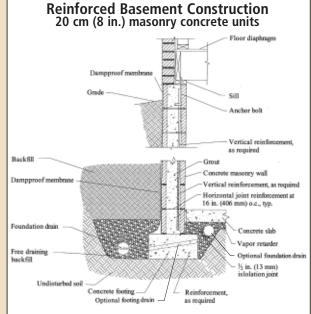
#### 3. Detail systems to minimize leakage potential:

- Seal and flash the top edge of the drainage layers and exterior insulation materials.
- Overlap drainage materials in a manner similar to above-grade flashings or roofing features.
- Imbed the lower edge of the drainage layers at least six inches into the perimeter stone.
- Keep the level of the perimeter drain below the basement floor.
- Installation of a dampproof membrane is required/ recommended in all forms of basement construction.

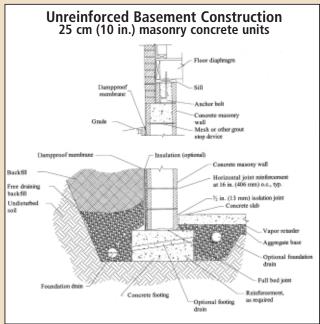
Of course the best way to prevent any water leakage or moisture problems is to plan and execute, using the best materials and design possible.

The following drawings illustrate two types of basement construction you would find in premium homes.

Reinforced basement walls can be constructed with 200mm masonry units permitting greater ease of installation, lower material costs and earlier back filling to speed construction.



Since soil conditions, building code requirements and other factors affecting the design may vary even in the same locality, this material is necessarily of a general nature and intended



only to be helpful in illustrating two typical design conditions. The drawings are not intended to serve as working drawings.

### Conventional Basement Construction

#### **General Design Considerations**

Basement walls, supporting bearing wall construction, usually are required to support comparatively heavy compressive loads in addition to earth pressure or other lateral loads and to span distances horizontally between intersecting cross partitions or building corners. Such walls may be designed to transmit lateral loads to the floor and footings through bending in the vertical span and little or no horizontal distribution of the lateral loads assumed.

#### Load on Foundation Walls

#### **Dead Loads**

Loads carried by foundation walls may be divided into dead loads, those due to the weight of the superstructure and the foundation itself and live loads, those resulting from application of other forces or pressures to the foundation wall or the superstructure supported thereon.

Concrete block construction is ideal for supporting the kinds of loads typically found in premium and custom homes. In planning a precision basement, other considerations like the effective dead loads should be taken into account during the construction phase. For example, if the design of a basement wall is based on the assumption that the vertical dead load of the superstructure will act to reduce the tensile stresses due to earth pressure moment. Once the floor cap is installed over the foundation walls, backfilling may commence.

#### Live Loads

The type and magnitude of a live load to be considered will vary according to locality, occupancy and other factors.

### Plain concrete masonry foundation walls Materials

Foundations of plain concrete masonry should be built of good quality units and mortar. Masonry units are ideal for foundation construction. Mortars should have proportions and physical properties conforming to the requirements of current CSA specifications for either Type M or Type S mortars.

#### Superior Building Design

"Every design project has its own unique challenges and opportunities. Building with concrete block is one decision that consistently returns value to the owners and builders. What is often remarkable is the narrow gap in up-front costs.

Designers know that a decision to build with concrete block is one that they can make with confidence, knowing that their choice will provide secure enjoyment and lasting value. Masonry is just as economical to use when proper design is applied."

#### Dr. Robert G. Drysdale

Professor, Martini, Mascarin and George Chair in Masonry Design, Director: Centre for Effective Design of Structures, McMaster University

#### Straight and true

Concrete masonry units offer one of the most sought-after features for building precision quality homes – straight and true foundation wall surfaces. Because each unit is dimensionally stable, top surfaces provide a level support for above ground details. And, because walls are constructed in units, unusual and creative designs can be easily accommodated - whether it's that cold storage area or wine cellar... it's no problem!

#### Start with quality masonry units

Professionally installed concrete block will provide the kind of quality that discerning builders and owners will appreciate. All masonry walls need to be true, plumb and built to the thickness and bond or joint pattern in the plans.



Poured foundation wall requiring further finishing.

Where no bond or joint pattern is indicated, units should be laid in straight and even courses, using a running bond pattern with the units of each course breaking joints with the course below.



Multiple courses allow easy construction of 9' basement walls.



Level and true foundation walls provide ideal sills for floor joists and framing.



Concrete masonry allows easy design flexibility without the need for custom forms.



Once foundation walls are constructed and mortar cured, back-filling may commence.

#### How Can We Help You Today?

If you're planning the construction of a custom home and have decided to build the basement of concrete masonry units, choose blocks available from members of the Canadian Concrete Masonry Producers' Association for assured quality. Contact your nearest member for other useful information.



#### MEMBERS:

#### **Allied Concrete Products**

192 Biesenthial Road Pembroke, ON K8A 3E7 Phone: 613-687-8417 Fax: 613-687-6283 Toll-Free: 1-800-882-3782 Contact: Bruce Hoffman

#### Atlas Block Company Limited (Brockville)

P.O. Box 141, 3007 Hwy 29 Brockville, ON K6V 5V2 Phone: 613-342-9815 Fax: 613-342-3606 Toll-Free: 1-800-363-3363 Contact: Henry Bangma Email: hbangma@atlasblock.com www.atlasblock.com

#### Atlas Block Company Limited (Midland)

P.O Box 670, 15288 Hwy. 12 Midland, ON L4FI 4P4 Phone: 705-534-7219 Fax: 705-534-4125 Toll-Free: 1-800-461-4380 Contact: Don Gordon Email: dgordon@atlasblock.com www.atlasblock.com

#### Atlas Block Company Limited (Orillia)

600 Laclie Street Orillia, ON L3V 6H3 Phone: 705-326-3543 Fax: 705-326-3865 Toll-Free: 1-800-461-0208 Contact: Dave Alexander Email: dalexander@atlasblock.com www.atlasblock.com

#### Boehmers (Kitchener)

1038 Rife Road, Cambridge P.O. Box 25059 Kitchener, ON N2A 4A5 Phone: 519-622-1131 Fax: 519-622-5451 Toll-Free: 1-800-265-3510 Contact: Jerry DeLuca Email: jdeluca@boehmerblock.com www.boehmerblock.com

#### Brown's Conrete Products Ltd.

3075 Herold Drive Sudbury, ON P3E 6K9 Phone: 705-522-8220 Fax: 705-522-2732 Contact: Manfred and/or Gordon Herold Email: mkhbrown@isys.ca

www.brownsconcrete.com

#### Canal Block 3562 Nugent Road

Port Colborne, ON L3K 5V4 Phone: 905-734-9094 Fax: 905-734-9144 Toll-Free: 1-800-230-5511 Contact: Durk Bylsma

Email: dbylsma@canalblock.com www.canalblock.com

#### CCI CMS

9420-52nd Street S.E. Calgary, AB T2C 2R5 Phone: 403-279-8810 Fax: 403-279-5177 Contact: Bruce Clark Email: cms@cci-industries.com www.cci-industries.com

#### CCI Coast

Gate 2, Foot of Nelson Road PO Box 94580 Richmond, BC V6Y 2V6 Phone: 604-270-8411 Fax: 604-270-8473 Contact: Bruce Clark Email: coast@cci-industries.com www.cci-industries.com

#### CCI Edcon

16333-137 Avenue P.O.Box 2038 St. Albert, AB T8N 2A3 Phone: 780-447-2122 Fax: 780-447-1426 Contact: Bruce Clark Email: edcon@cci-industries.com www.cci-industries.com

#### CCI Interior

230, 1634 Harvey Ave. Kelowna, BC V1Y 6G2 Phone: 250-862-292 Fax: 250-862-2920 Contact: Bruce Clark www.cci-industries.com

#### **CCI Tallorete**

1436 Chevrier Boulevard Winnipeg, MB **FIST 1Y6** Phone: 204-453-8335 Fax: 204-453-5205 Contact: Bruce Clark Email: tallcrete@cci-industries.com www.cci-industries.com

#### Century Concrete Products Ltd.

4170 Midland Ave Scarborough, ON M1V 4S6 Phone: 416-293-1179 Extn: 226 Fax: 416-293-3414 Contact: Martin Stuart Email: mstuart0403@rogers.com

#### Day & Campbell Limited

1074 Upper Wellington Street Hamilton, ON L9A 3S6 Phone: 905-385-5315 Fax: 905-385-8029 Toll-Free: 1-800-263-6787 Contact: Aly Heugh Email: blocks@daycampbell.com

#### Doughty Masonry Center Ltd.

www.daycampbell.com

P.O. Box 501, Hwy 7b Peterborough, ON K9J 6Z6 Phone: 705-743-7740 Fax: 705-743-8344 Contact: Carl Doughty Email: doughtymc@nexicom.net

#### Newcastle Block Ltd.

732 King Street East Newcastle, ON L1B1K8 Phone: 905-987-4444 Extn: 27 Fax: 905-987-1717 Contact: Carl Glahs

#### Newtonbrook Block

www.newtonbrook.com

P.O. Box 69, 2665 Aurora Fload Gormley, ON LOH 1G0 Phone: 416-798-7337 Fax: 905-727-4910 Contact: Dave Warwick Email: dwarwick@newtonbrook.com

#### Niagara Block Inc.

5000 Montrose Road Niagara Falls, ON ON L2H 1K5 Phone: 905-356-2221 Fax: 905-356-0000 Contact: John Grimo Email: niagarablock@bellnet.ca www.niagarablock.com

#### Permacon (Bolton)

3 Betomat Court Bolton, ON L7E 5R9 Phone: 905-857-6773 Toll-Free: 1-800-463-9278 Contact: Amy Shanta Email: ashanta@permacon.ca www.permacon.ca

#### Permacon (London)

1201 Brydges Street London, ON N5V 2B5 Phone: 519-453-9501 Toll-Free: 1-888-264-4429 Contact: Bill DeGraaf Cell Phone: 519-868-2658 Email: bdegraaf@permacon.ca www.permacon.ca

#### Permacon (Milton)

8375 5th Side Road (Campbellville Rd. W.) R.R. #3, Million, ON L9T 2X7 Phone: 875-4215 Extn: 3604 Toll-Free: 1-800-265-0692 Contact: Tony Neves Cell Phone: 905-975-2185 Email: tneves@permacon.ca www.permacon.ca

Permacon (Oshawa) 1089 Nelson Street Oshawa, ON L1H 5N9 Phone: 905-728-2499 Contact: Amy Shanta Email: ashanta@permacon.ca www.permacon.ca

Pemacon (Ottawa South) 6860 Bank Street Metcalfe, ON K0A 2P0 Phone: 613-821-0898 Toll-Free: 1-800-361-2707 Contact: Amy Shanta Email: ashanta@permacon.ca www.permacon.ca

#### Permacon (Ottawa West) 6775 Hazeldean Road

Stittsville, ON KOQ 2P0 Phone: 613-821-0898 Toll-Free: 1-800-361-2707 Contact: Amy Shanta Email: ashanta@permacon.ca

www.permacon.ca

#### Richvale-York Block Inc. (Kingston)

1035 Gardiners Road Kingston, ON K7P 1R5 Phone: 613-384-2555 Fax: 613-384-9363 Contact: Mike Schell www.richvaleyork.com

#### Richvale-York Block Inc. (Gormley)

5 Cardico Drive Gornley, ON LOH 1G0 Phone: 416-213-7444 Fax: 416-213-7441 Contact: Tino Corrado

Email: tcorrado.richvaleyork@bellnet.ca

www.richvaleyork.com

#### Richvale-York Block Inc. (London)

1298 Clarke Road London, ON N5V 3B5 Phone: 519-455-4741 Fax: 519-453-0732 Contact: Karen Schmidt www.richvaleyork.com

#### Santsar Industries Inc.

7885 Howard Ave. RR #1, McGregor, ON NOR 1J0 Phone: 519-726-9646 Fax: 519-726-5671 Contact: Angelo Grandi Email: angelo@santsar.com

#### Sauve Builders Supply Ltd.

www.santsar.com

1685 County Road #22 Belle River, ON NOR 1A0 Phone: 519-727-5501 Fax: 519-727-5562 Contact: Dennis Sauve Email: newblock@mnsi.net www.sauveblock.com

#### Shouldice Designer Stone

R.R. #1, P.O. Box 88 Shallow Lake, ON NOH 2K0 Phone: 519-935-2771 Fax: 519-935-2081 Toll-Free: 1-800-265-3174 Contact: Rob Shouldion Email: rob@shouldice.com www.shouldice-stone.com

#### Simcoe Block

207 Tiffin Street Barrie, ON L4N 2N3 Phone: 705-726-6543 Fax: 705-735-4519 Toll-Free: 1-800-487-3704 Contact: Chris Gariepy

Email: c.garlepy@simcoeblock.com

www.simcoeblock.com

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